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**Earnings** 

### **Unemployment Rates Seasonally Adjusted**

Unemployment Rates	s Seasoi	nally Adj	usted
	June	May	June
	2007	2007	2006
Michigan	7.2	6.9	6.7
Mississippi	6.1	5.7	5.4
Alaska	6.0	6.0	6.5
Ohio	5.9	5.9	6.5
District of Columbia	5.6	5.6	5.9
Kentucky	5.5	5.4	6.5
South Carolina	5.4	5.5	5.7
Arkansas	5.2	5.2	4.9
California	5.1	4.8	4.4
Massachusetts	5.1	5.0	5.4
Oregon	5.0	5.2	5.3
Wisconsin	5.0	4.9	4.7
Illinois	4.9	5.1	4.9
Louisiana	4.9	4.8	4.8
North Carolina	4.9 4.8		
		4.6	4.8
Rhode Island	4.7	4.5	5.1
Tennessee	4.7	4.4	4.5
Kansas	4.7	4.8	5.2
Minnesota	4.6	4.6	4.5
Missouri	4.6	4.6	4.2
Nevada	4.5	4.6	3.8
Washington	4.5	4.5	4.0
Connecticut	4.5	4.6	5.0
Indiana	4.4	4.5	4.6
Maine	4.3	4.5	4.2
Oklahoma	4.3	4.3	4.7
West Virginia	4.3	4.3	4.7
New York	4.3	4.5	5.0
Georgia	4.1	4.2	4.8
New Jersey	4.1	4.7	5.3
Pennsylvania	4.1	4.1	4.9
Texas	4.0	3.9	3.4
New Hampshire	3.8	3.6	3.7
Vermont	3.8	4.8	3.6
New Mexico	3.8	3.6	4.0
Arizona	3.8	3.8	3.5
Colorado	3.5	3.5	3.6
lowa	3.5	3.6	4.4
Maryland	3.5	3.4	3.3
Alabama	3.4	3.4	3.3 4.2
Florida	3.3	3.3	3.6
Delaware	3.3	3.3	3.3
North Dakota	3.3	3.3	3.3
Wyoming	3.2	3.1	3.0
South Dakota	3.2	3.7	4.3
Nebraska	3.0	3.2	3.2
Virginia	3.0	2.9	3.0
Hawaii	2.6	2.5	2.9
Hawaii Utah	2.6 2.5	2.5 2.3	2.9 3.4
	2.6		

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, D.C. Department of Employment Services, Office of Labor Market Research and Information

### **National Unemployment Rates**

The June 2007 national unemployment rate of 4.7 percent (not seasonally adjusted) was 0.4 percent higher than the rate in May 2007 and 0.1 percent lower than the rate in June 2006.

The seasonally adjusted national unemployment rate in June 2007 was 4.5 percent; unchanged from the May 2007 rate and 0.1 percent lower than the June 2006, seasonally adjusted, national unemployment rate.

### State Unemployment (Seasonally Adjusted)

In June, the District of Columbia had the fifth highest unemployment rate at 5.6 percent. Michigan recorded the highest jobless rate at 7.2 percent followed by Ohio, at 6.1 percent, Mississippi, at 6.0 percent, and Alaska, at 5.9 percent. Hawaii and Montana, at 2.4 percent each, posted the lowest unemployment rates, followed by Idaho, at 2.5 percent, and Utah, at 2.6 percent. Sixteen additional states recorded rates of 4.0 percent or below including Virginia, at 3.0 percent and Maryland, at 3.8 percent.

Over the month, unemployment rates were unchanged in the District of Columbia and 14 states, lower in 17 states, and higher in 19 states. The largest rate decreases were in Louisiana (down 1.0 percentage point), Tennessee (down 0.6 percentage point), and New Mexico (down 0.5 percentage point). Ohio registered the largest rate increase (up 0.4 percentage point).

Compared to a year earlier, unemployment rates were lower in the District of Columbia and 27 states, higher in 18 states and unchanged in 5 states. Tennessee (down 1.2 percentage points) recorded the largest over-the-year unemployment rate decrease followed by New Mexico (down 1.1 percentage points) and South Carolina (down 1.0 percentage point). The largest over-the-year unemployment rate increases were in Illinois, Minnesota, and Ohio (up 0.7 percentage point each) and New Hampshire (up 0.6 percentage point).

### **Unemployment Rates** (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

		June 07	May 07	June 06 a
U.S.A.		4.7	4.3	4.8
Washington, DC MSA		3.3	2.9	3.4
Washington, DC MD		3.3	2.9	3.4
D.C.		5.9	5.4	6.1
D.C. Ward	1	5.1	4.6	5.3
	2	2.9	2.6	3.0
	3	1.5	1.4	1.6
	4	4.8	4.4	5.0
	5	8.0	7.3	8.3
	6	<b>5</b> .8	5.3	6.0
	7	10.3	9.4	10.7
	8	15.7	14.5	16.3
Unemployment Rates (Seasonally Adjusted)				
U.S.A.		4.5	4.5	4.6
D.C.		5.6	5.6	5.9

a: Reflecting 2006 benchmark revisions

Note: Estimates for the latest year are subject to revision early the following calendar

year. Ward laborforce statistics based on Census 2000 household data.

### **District of Columbia's Unemployment Rate**

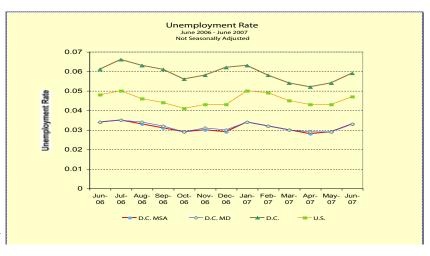
The District of Columbia's seasonally adjusted June 2007 unemployment rate was 5.6 percent, unchanged from the May 2007 rate. The June 2007 rate was 0.3 percent lower than the rate in June 2006.

The not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for June 2007 was 5.9 percent; up 0.5 percent from the rate in May 2007 and 0.2 percent lower than the June 2006 rate.



## District of Columbia's Civilian Labor Force, Employment and Unemployment

Over the month, the District's civilian labor force increased by 800 to 319,700. A total of 300,800 residents were employed and 18,900 were unemployed in June 2007. A 1,000 decrease in the number of employed residents along with a 1,700 increase in the number of unemployed residents resulted in the 0.5 percent increase in the not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate.



From June 2006 to June 2007, the District's civilian labor force decreased by 1,600 as the number of employed residents fell by 700 and the number of unemployed residents decreased by 800. The District's June 2007 unemployment rate was 0.2 percent lower than the rate in June 2006.

### **Unemployment Insurance Benefit Statistics**

In June 2007, initial claims filed for Unemployment Insurance (UI) in the District of Columbia fell 1.0 percent from the May 2007 level of 1,469 to 1,454. Over the year, UI initial claims were down 9.1 percent from the 1,600 level in June 2006. The June 2007 initial claims for all programs were down from May 2007 by 9 to 1,498 and lower by 129 or 7.9 percent from the June 2006 level of 1,627.

For the all programs total, most other benefit statistics were lower in June 2007 compared to May 2007. Weeks claimed rose 1.2 percent to 16,025, while weeks compensated were down 11.9 percent to 25,773, benefits paid decreased 12.4 percent to \$7,286,546, and the average weekly benefit amount (A.W.B.A.) fell 0.5 percent to \$282.72. First payments were up 1.8 percent to 1,473 while final payments decreased 7.2 percent to 659.



Over the year, all other benefit statistics were higher in June 2007 compared to June 2006. Weeks claimed were up 5.3 percent and weeks compensated rose 7.9 percent. Benefits paid increased by 10.4 percent and the average weekly benefit amount rose 2.4 percent from the \$276.08 June 2006 amount. First payments were up 8.5 percent and final payments were 3.3 percent higher.

# Washington Metropolitan Division Civilian Labor Force Employment and Unemployment Rate

The civilian labor force in the Washington Metropolitan Division increased by 16,200 in June 2007 as employment rose by 7,500 and the number unemployed increased by 8,700. The unemployment rate in the Washington Metropolitan Division, at 3.3 percent in June, was 0.4 percent higher than the rate in May 2007.

Over the last twelve months, the number of employed residents in the Washington Metropolitan Division rose by 26,400. With 1,500 fewer unemployed division residents, the division civilian labor force rose by 24,800. The metropolitan division's June 2007 unemployment rate was down 0.1 percent from the rate in June 2006.

## Washington Metropolitan Area Civilian Labor Force Employment and Unemployment Rate

The civilian labor force in the suburban ring of communities surrounding the District of Columbia increased by 22,400 in June 2007 as employment rose by 12,300 and the number unemployed increased by 10,300. The unemployment rate in the suburban ring, at 3.0 percent in June, was up 0.4 percent from the rate in May 2007.

Over the last twelve months, the number of employed residents in the suburban ring rose by 27,800. With 900 fewer unemployed suburban residents, the suburban civilian labor force rose by 27,000. The

# Employment Status for the Civilian Population District of Columbia, Washington Metropolitan Division and Statistical Area June 2007/a

June Zverra				N	et Chan	go From
	June	May	June/b	May/b	May	June
	2007	2007	2006	2006	2007	2006
Seasonally Adjusted						
Washington, D.C.						
Civilian Labor Force	315,600	322,100	317,800	315,500	-6,500	-2,200
Total Employed	297,900	304,000	299,100	296,900	-6,100	-1,200
Total Unemployed	17,700	18,100	18,700	18,600	-400	-1,000
Unemployment Rate	5.6	5.6	5.9	5.9	0.0	-0.3
Not Seasonally Adjust	ed					
Washington, D.C.						
Civilian Labor Force	319,700	318,900	321,300	312,900	800	-1,600
Total Employed	300,800	301,800	301,500	294,100	-1,000	-700
Total Unemployed	18,900	17,200	19,700	18,800	1,700	-800
Unemployment Rate	5.9	5.4	6.1	6.0	0.5	-0.2
Washington, D.C. Met	tropolitan D	oivision				
Civilian Labor Force	2,360,700	2,344,500	2,335,900	2,309,300	16,200	24,800
Total Employed	2,283,000	2,275,500	2,256,600	2,237,700	7,500	26,400
Total Unemployed	77,700	69,000	79,200	71,600	8,700	-1,500
Unemployment Rate	3.3	2.9	3.4	3.1	0.4	-0.1
Suburban Ring						
Civilian Labor Force	2,690,300	2,667,900	2,663,300	2,635,700	22,400	27,000
Total Employed	2,610,800	2,598,500	2,583,000	2,564,400	12,300	27,800
Total Unemployed	79,500	69,200	80,400	71,400	10,300	-900
Unemployment Rate	3.0	2.6	3.0	2.7	0.4	0.0
W II A D C MC						
Washington, D.C. MS.		2.007.000	2.004.600	2.049.600	22 200	25.400
Civilian Labor Force	3,010,000	2,986,800	2,984,600	2,948,600	23,200 11,300	25,400
Total Unampleyed	2,911,600	2,900,300	2,884,500	2,858,500		27,100
Total Unemployed	98,400 3.3	86,400 2.9	100,100	90,200	12,000	-1,700 -0.1
Unemployment Rate	5.5	2.9	3.4	3.1	0.4	-0.1

a/Data may not add to the totals due to independent rounding.

Note: Estimates for the latest year are subject to revision early the following calendar year. Estimated Labor Force and Employment for the Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Division includes the District of Columbia, Virginia cities of Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manasas, and Manasas Park; the Virginia counties of Arlington, Clarke, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudon, Prince William, Spotslyvania, Stafford, and Warren; the Maryland Counties of Calvert, Charles, and Prince Georges; and the West Virginia county of Jefferson. Estimated labor Force and Employment for the Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Statistical Area includes the Washington-Arlington-Alexandria Metropolitan Division and the Bethesda-Frederick-Gaithersburg Metropolitan Division which includes the counties of Frederick and Montgomery in Maryland.

b/Data reflect 2006 benchmark revisions.

na: Not available. Estimates for 2005 based on the 2006 benchmark revisions will not be available until May 2007.

suburban ring's June 2007 unemployment rate was unchanged from the rate in June 2006.

For the Washington Metropolitan Statistical Area, the number of persons in the civilian labor force increased by 23,200 in June 2007. The number of employed residents in the metropolitan area rose by 11,300 and the number of unemployed residents increased by 12,000. The metropolitan area's unemployment rate at 3.3 percent in June 2007 was up 0.4 percent from the rate in May 2007.

Compared to June 2006, the metropolitan area's civilian labor force rose by 25,400. Employment increased by 27,100 and unemployment fell by 1,700. The Washington Metropolitan Area's June 2007 unemployment rate was down 0.1 percent from the June 2006 rate of 3.4 percent.



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# Selected Unemployment Insurance Benefit Statistics (Regular Programs) District of Columbia June 2007

	June	May	June	May	June
State UI Program a/	2007	2007	2006	2007	2006
Initial Claims	1,454	1,469	1,600	-1.0	-9.1
Weeks Claimed	14,879	14,613	14,609	1.8	1.8
Weeks Compensated	23,811	26,751	22,836	-11.0	4.3
<b>Benefits Paid</b>	\$6,668,124	\$7,524,903	\$6,251,922	-11.4	6.7
A.W.B.A.	\$280.04	\$281.29	\$273.77	-0.4	2.3
First Payments	1,415	1,359	1,304	4.1	8.5
<b>Final Payments</b>	644	678	607	-5.0	6.1
Beneficiaries	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Federal Program b/					
Initial Claims	33	25	26	32.0	26.9
Weeks Claimed	1,015	1,106	504	-8.2	101.4
Weeks Compensated	1,847	2,369	954	-22.0	93.6
<b>Benefits Paid</b>	\$579,507	\$743,745	\$307,223	-22.1	88.6
A.W.B.A.	\$313.76	\$313.95	\$322.04	-0.1	-2.6
First Payments	47	79	51	-40.5	-7.8
Final Payments	14	26	27	-46.2	-48.1
Beneficiaries	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Ex-Servicepersons Pro	gram c/				
Initial Claims	11	13	1	-15.4	1000.0
Weeks Claimed	131	121	106	8.3	23.6
Weeks Compensated	115	136	107	-15.4	7.5
<b>Benefits Paid</b>	\$38,915	\$46,785	\$38,286	-16.8	1.6
A.W.B.A.	\$338.39	\$344.01	\$357.81	-1.6	-5.4
First Payments	11	9	2	22.2	450.0
Final Payments	1	6	4	-83.3	-75.0
Beneficiaries	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total - All Programs					
Initial Claims	1,498	1,507	1,627	-0.6	-7.9
Weeks Claimed	16,025	15,840	15,219	1.2	5.3
Weeks Compensated	25,773	29,256	23,897	-11.9	7.9
Benefits Paid	\$7,286,546	\$8,315,433	\$6,597,431	-12.4	10.4
A.W.B.A.	\$282.72	\$284.23	\$276.08	-0.5	2.4
First Payments	1,473	1,447	1,357	1.8	8.5
Final Payments	659	710	638	-7.2	3.3
Beneficiaries	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

a/Includes joint claims with Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) and/or Unemployment Compensation for Ex-Servicepersons (UCX).
b/Includes joint claims with Unemployment Compensation of Ex-Servicepersons (UCX).
c/No joint claims.

#### **District of Columbia Job Growth**

The number of District wage and salary jobs increased by 2,200 in June 2007. The private sector added 600 jobs and the public sector increased by 1,600 jobs. In the private sector, educational and health services declined by 4,400 jobs while professional and business services gained 3,200 jobs, other services added 600 jobs, leisure and hospitality gained 500 jobs, information and financial activities added 200 jobs each, and manufacturing, natural resources and construction and trade, transportation and utilities gained 100 jobs each. In the public sector, the Federal Government added 1,900 jobs and transportation gained 100 jobs while the District Government lost 400 jobs.

In the last twelve months, the District gained a total of 8,800 jobs. The private sector added 9,000 jobs while the public sector lost 200 jobs. The private sector growth occurred in professional and business services (up by 5,800 jobs), financial activities and leisure and hospitality (up by 900 jobs each), other services (up by 700 jobs), educational and health services (up by 500 jobs), information (up by 300 jobs), and natural resources and construction (up by 100 jobs). Manufacturing and trade, transportation and utilities lost 100 jobs each. In the public sector, transportation added 300 jobs and the District Government gained 200 jobs while the Federal Government lost 700 jobs.



## Wage and Salary Employment by Industry and Place of Work a/ (In Thousands)

	Distric	t of Colu	mbia	Metro	politan Di	vision
	June b/	May c/	June	June b/	May c/	June
INDUSTRY	2007	2007	2006	2007	2007	2006
TOTAL	698.8	696.6	690.0	2,451.7	2,436.8	2,412.7
Total Private Sector	465.5	464.9	456.5	1,900.3	1,881.4	1,867.0
Total Government	233.3	231.7	233.5	551.4	555.4	545.7
Total Government	233.3	231.7	233.3	331.4	333.4	343.7
Total Goods Producing	14.6	14.4	14.6	197.0	194.3	197.1
Many Cartains	1.7	1.6	1.0	42.0	12.5	44.1
Manufacturing Durable Goods	1.7	1.6	1.8	43.9 27.1	43.5 26.9	44.1 26.6
Non-Durable Goods	na na	na	na na	16.8	16.6	17.5
Non-Durable Goods	na	na	11a	10.8	10.0	17.3
Natural Resources, Mining & Construction	12.9	12.8	12.8	153.1	150.8	153.0
Construction of Buildings	na	na	na	36.4	35.9	36.0
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	na	na	na	18.4	17.9	18.7
Specialty Trade Contractors	na	na	na	97.4	96.0	97.3
Specially Flade Confidences				,,,,		,,,,
Total Service Providing	684.2	682.2	675.4	2,254.7	2,242.5	2,215.6
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	28.0	27.9	28.1	326.9	324.0	321.5
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Wholesale Trade	4.8	4.8	4.8	55.3	55.0	55.0
Retail Trade	18.0	17.9	17.9	213.8	211.7	208.7
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	na	na	na	24.9	24.8	25.6
Building Material and Garden Equipment and Supplies Dealers	na	na	na	18.0	17.9	18.3
Food & Beverage Stores	na	na	na	38.8	38.4	36.7
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	na	na	na	25.4	24.7	24.0
Department Stores	na	na	na	24.4	23.8	24.4
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	5.2	5.2	5.4	57.8	57.3	57.8
Utilities	na	na	na	7.5	7.5	7.4
Transportation & Warehousing	na	na	na	50.3 11.7	49.8 11.7	50.4 12.2
Air Transportation	na	na	na	11.7	11.7	12.2
Information	22.7	22.5	22.4	81.1	80.7	81.4
Publishing industries (except Internet)	8.7	8.6	8.5	na	na	na
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Financial Activities	30.4	30.2	29.5	119.6	118.6	117.9
Finance and insurance	18.8	18.7	18.1	77.5	77.0	75.6
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	9.2	9.1	8.6	45.8	45.3	44.2
Depository Credit Intermediation	na	na	na	19.4	19.3	19.0
Nondepository Credit Intermediation	na	na	na	20.0	20.1	20.0
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	11.6	11.5	11.4	42.1	41.6	42.3
Professional and Business Services	162.7	159.5	156.9	566.4	557.0	548.2
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	107.3	104.8	105.2	374.0	368.2	363.3
Legal Services	37.3	36.0	36.3	50.4	48.5	49.4
Accounting, Tax Preparation, Bookkeeping, & Payroll Services	na	na	na	18.3	18.1	18.7
Architectural, Engineering, & Related Services	na	na	na	49.2	48.7	48.9
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	na	na	na	127.3	126.3	122.2
Management, Scientific, and Technical Consulting Services	na	na	na	66.3	65.7	62.0
Scientific Research and Development Services	15.5	15.3	15.6	na	na	na
Management of Companies and Enterprises	na	na	na	32.4	32.0	31.8
Administrative & Support & Waste Management & Remediation Services	53.9	53.1	50.3	160.0	156.8	153.1

### Wage and Salary Employment by Industry and Place of Work a/ (In Thousands) continued

Employment Services	12.6	12.4	12.4	31.3	30.8	31.0
Investigation and Security Services	8.7	8.6	8.7	na	na	na
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	13.1	13.0	12.6	53.3	52.7	52.0
Educational and Health Services	89.1	93.5	88.6	245.9	250.6	242.5
Educational Services	36.8	41.5	36.9	68.8	74.5	69.1
Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools	25.5	30.3	25.4	38.0	43.9	37.9
Health Care and Social Assistance	52.3	52.0	51.7	177.1	176.1	173.4
Ambulatory Health Care Services	10.8	10.6	10.4	62.2	61.9	60.3
Offices of Physicians	na	na	na	25.7	25.4	25.3
Outpatient Care Centers	na	na	na	8.0	7.9	7.5
Hospitals	24.3	24.4	23.9	55.5	55.2	54.6
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	6.7	6.7	6.8	27.8	27.6	26.7
Social Assistance	na	na	na	31.6	31.4	31.8
Child Day Care Services	na	na	na	15.1	15.0	14.9

### Wage and Salary Employment by Industry and Place of Work a/ (In Thousands)

	District of	of Columbia	a	Metropolit	an Divisi	on
	June b/	May c/	June	June b/	May c/	June
INDUSTRY	2007	2007	2006	2007	2007	2006
Leisure and Hospitality	56.7	56.2	55.8	215.7	209.6	212.7
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	6.2	6.2	6.2	32.6	29.0	32.2
Accommodation and Food Services	50.5	50.0	49.6	183.1	180.6	180.5
Accommodation	15.7	15.8	15.6	35.9	35.5	35.7
Food Services and Drinking Places	34.8	34.2	34.0	147.2	145.1	144.8
Full-Service Restaurants	18.3	17.7	17.6	76.6	75.4	75.4
Limited-Service Eating Places	10.2	10.0	10.0	57.6	56.4	56.2
Special Food Services	4.8	5.1	5.2	12.0	11.9	11.4
Other Services	61.3	60.7	60.6	147.7	146.6	145.7
Personal and Laundry Services	na	na	na	26.6	26.4	26.4
Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional, & Similar Organizations	54.3	53.5	53.6	104.4	103.3	102.7
Business, Professional, Labor, Political, & Similar Organizations	27.0	26.5	26.9	43.4	42.7	43.3
Government	233.3	231.7	233.5	551.4	555.4	545.7
Federal Government	193.9	192.0	194.6	300.2	297.6	300.7
State Government & Local Government / Public Transportation	39.4	39.7	38.9	na	na	na
State Government	34.3	34.7	34.1	72.4	80.4	68.9
Local Government	na	na	na	178.8	177.4	176.1
Public Transportation	5.1	5.0	4.8	na	na	na

a/ Data may not equal totals due to independent rounding. Data reflect 2006 benchmark revisions.

Data includes all full and part-time employees who worked or received pay for any part of pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers are excluded.

The Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Division includes the District of Columbia; Calvert County, MD; Charles County, MD; Prince George's County, MD; Arlington County, VA; Clarke County, VA;

Fairfax County, VA; Fauquier County, VA; Loudoun County, VA; Prince William County, VA; Spotsylvania County, VA; Stafford County, VA; Warren County, VA; Alexandria city, VA; Fairfax city, VA; Falls Church city, VA;

Fredericksburg city, VA; Manassas city, VA; Manassas Park city, VA; and Jefferson County, WV

SOURCE: Prepared by the Department of Employment Services Office of Labor Market Research and Information in cooperation with the Virginia Employment Commission, the Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation,

the West Virginia Bureau of Employment Programs and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

b/ Preliminary.

c/ Revised.

### **Washington Metropolitan Division Job Growth**

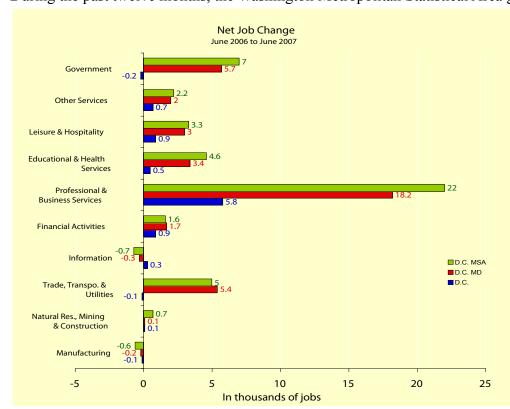
Total wage and salary employment in the Washington Metropolitan Division increased over the month in June 2007 by 14,900. The private sector increased by 18,900 jobs while the public sector lost 4,000 jobs. Within the private sector, gains were registered in professional and business services (up by 9,400 jobs), leisure and hospitality (up by 6,100 jobs), trade, transportation, and utilities (up by 2,900 jobs), natural resources, mining and construction (up by 2,300 jobs), other services (up by 1,100 jobs), financial activities (up by 1,000 jobs), and manufacturing and information (up by 400 jobs each). Educational and health services lost 4,700 jobs over the month. In the public sector, the federal government added 2,600 jobs; local government gained 1,400 jobs; and state government lost 8,000 jobs.

During the past twelve months, the Washington Metropolitan Division gained 39,000 jobs. The private sector added 33,300 jobs and the public sector gained 5,700 jobs. Private sector gains were registered in professional and business services (up by 18,200 jobs), trade, transportation, and utilities (up by 5,400 jobs), educational and health services (up by 3,400 jobs), leisure and hospitality (up by 3,000 jobs), other services (up by 2,000 jobs), financial activities (up by 1,700 jobs), and natural resources, mining and construction (up by 100 jobs). Losses was registered in information (down by 300 jobs) and manufacturing (down by 200 jobs). In the public sector, state government added 3,500 jobs, local government gained 2,700 jobs, and the federal government lost 500 jobs.

### Washington Metropolitan Statistical Area Job Growth

Total wage and salary employment in the Washington Metropolitan Statistical Area increased over the month in June 2007 by 19,300. The private sector increased by 25,200 jobs while the public sector lost 5,900 jobs. Within the private sector, gains were registered in professional and business services (up by 10,400 jobs), leisure and hospitality (up by 8,700 jobs), trade, transportation, and utilities (up by 4,400 jobs), natural resources, mining and construction (up by 2,800 jobs), other services (up by 1,400 jobs), financial activities (up by 1,200 jobs), and manufacturing and information (up by 500 jobs each). Educational and health services lost 4,700 jobs. In the public sector, the federal government gained 3,000 jobs.

During the past twelve months, the Washington Metropolitan Statistical Area gained 45,200 jobs. The private



sector added 38,200 jobs and the public sector gained 7,000 jobs. Private sector gains were registered in professional and business services (up by 22,000 jobs), trade, transportation, and utilities (up by 5,000 jobs), educational and health services (up by 4,600 jobs), leisure and hospitality (up by 3,300 jobs), other services (up by 2,200 jobs), financial activities (up by 1,600 jobs), and natural resources, mining and construction (up by 700 jobs). Private sector losses were noted in information (down by 700 jobs) and manufacturing (down by 600 jobs). In government, the federal government showed no change over the year.

page 9 Labor Market Trends

## Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Statistical Area Wage and Salary Employment by Industry and Place of Work a/ (In Thousands)

CHANGE FROM

				CHANG	E FROM
INDUSTRY	June b/ 2007	May c/ 2007	June 2006	May 2007	June 2006
TOTAL	3041.8	3022.5	2996.6	19.3	45.2
Total Private Sector	2396.0	2370.8	2357.8	25.2	38.2
Total Government	645.8	651.7	638.8	-5.9	7.0
Total Goods Producing	261.3	258.0	261.2	3.3	0.1
Manufacturing	63.8	63.3	64.4	0.5	-0.6
Natural Resources, Mining & Construction	197.5	194.7	196.8	2.8	0.7
Specialty Trade Contractors	123.8	122.1	123.1	1.7	0.7
Total Service Providing	2780.5	2764.5	2735.4	16.0	45.1
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	411.2	406.8	406.2	4.4	5.0
Wholesale Trade	71.1	70.8	70.9	0.3	0.2
Retail Trade	274.9	271.3	270.2	3.6	4.7
Food & Beverage Stores	51.7	51.2	49.3	0.5	2.4
Department Stores	31.7	31.0	31.7	0.7	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	65.2	64.7	65.1	0.5	0.1
Information	98.5	98.0	99.2	0.5	-0.7
Financial Activities	165.1	163.9	163.5	1.2	1.6
Finance and insurance	108.1	107.4	106.7	0.7	1.4
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	60.9	60.4	58.9	0.5	2.0
Professional and Business Services	696.4	686.0	674.4	10.4	22.0
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	452.4	446.2	440.4	6.2	12.0
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	148.4	147.3	143.1	1.1	5.3
Administrative & Support & Waste Management & Remediation Services	203.6	199.8	194.7	3.8	8.9
Employment Services	45.8	45.2	43.6	0.6	2.2
Educational and Health Services	318.0	322.7	313.4	-4.7	4.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	238.3	236.9	233.1	1.4	5.2
Ambulatory Health Care Services	87.6		85.2	0.4	2.4
Offices of Physicians	36.5	36.1	35.7	0.4	0.8
Hospitals	68.0	67.7	66.7	0.3	1.3
Leisure and Hospitality	266.2	257.5	262.9	8.7	3.3
Accommodation and Food Services	223.7	220.5	220.2	3.2	3.5
Food Services and Drinking Places	183.7	180.9	180.1	2.8	3.6
Other Services	179.3	177.9	177.1	1.4	2.2
Government	645.8	651.7	638.8	-5.9	7.0
Federal Government	344.0	341.0	344.0	3.0	0.0

a/ Data may not equal totals due to independent rounding. Data reflect 2005 benchmark revisions. • b/ Preliminary. • c/ Revised.

Data includes all full and part-time employees who worked or received pay for any part of pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers are excluded. The Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Statistical Area includes The Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Division and the Bethesda-Frederick-Gaithersburg, MD Metropolitan Division. The Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Division includes the District of Columbia; Calvert County, MD; Charles County, MD; Prince George's County, MD; Arlington County, VA; Clarke County, VA; Fairfax County, VA; Fairfax County, VA; Fairfax County, VA; The Bethesda-Frederick-Gaithersburg, MD Metropolitan Division includes the counties of Frederick and Montgomery in Maryland.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Table prepared by the Department of Employment Services Office of Labor Market Research and Information.

D.C. Metro Division Average Hours and Earnings

(of production workers in manufacturing)

In June 2007, average weekly earnings of manufacturing production workers in the Washington metropolitan division increased by \$6.65 over the month to \$690.48. Increases in both average weekly hours and average hourly earnings were responsible for the rise. Average weekly hours were up 0.2 hour to 38.6 and average hourly earnings were up eight cents to \$17.75.

	June '07 p	May '07 r	June '06 a
Weekly Earning	\$690.48	\$683.83	\$669.71
<b>Weekly Hours</b>	38.9	38.7	38.6
Hourly Earnings	\$17.75	\$17.67	\$17.35

From June 2006 to June 2007,

average weekly earnings increased by \$20.77. This increase was due to a forty cent rise in hourly earnings and a 0.3 hour increase in average weekly hours.

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